# Package: funspotr (via r-universe)

August 21, 2024

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      check_pkgs_availability
      Check Packages Availability
```

#### **Description**

Check whether packages are available in current library.

#### Usage

```
check_pkgs_availability(pkgs, quietly = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

pkgs Character vector of package names. (Typically the output from spot\_pkgs()). quietly logical: should progress and error messages be suppressed?

#### Value

Named logical vector indicating whether each package is available on the machine.

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```
spot_pkgs(file_output) %>%
  check_pkgs_availability()
```

```
list_files_github_gists
```

List Github Gists of User

#### Description

Given a username, return a dataframe with paths to all the gists by that user.

#### Usage

```
list_files_github_gists(
  user,
  pattern = stringr::regex("(r|rmd|rmarkdown|qmd)$", ignore_case = TRUE)
)
```

#### Arguments

user Character string of username whose github gists you want to pull.

pattern Regex pattern to keep only matching files. Default is stringr::regex("(r|rmd|rmarkdown|qmd)\$",

ignore\_case = TRUE) which will keep only R, Rmarkdown and Quarto documents. If you have a lot of .md gists that can be converted to .R files you may

want to edit this argument. To keep all files use ".".

#### Value

Dataframe with relative\_paths and absolute\_paths of file paths. Because gists do not exist in a folder structure relative\_paths will generally just be a file name. absolute\_paths a url to the raw file. See unnest\_results() for helper to put into an easier to read format.

#### See Also

```
list_files_github_repo(), list_files_wd()
```

```
library(dplyr)
library(funspotr)

# pulling and analyzing my R file github gists
gists_urls <- list_files_github_gists("brshallo", pattern = ".")

# Will just parse the first 2 files/gists
# Note that is easy to hit the API limit if have lots of gists</pre>
```

```
contents <- filter(gists_urls, str_detect_r_docs(absolute_paths)) %>%
    slice(1:2) %>%
    spot_funs_files()

contents %>%
    unnest_results()
```

list\_files\_github\_repo

List Files in Github Repo

#### **Description**

Return a dataframe containing the paths of files in a github repostiory. Generally used prior to spot\_{funs/pkgs}\_files().

#### Usage

```
list_files_github_repo(
  repo,
  branch = NULL,
  pattern = stringr::regex("(r|rmd|rmarkdown|qmd)$", ignore_case = TRUE),
  rmv_index = TRUE
)
```

#### Arguments

repo Github repository, e.g. "brshallo/feat-eng-lags-presentation"

branch Branch of github repository, default is "main".

pattern Regex pattern to keep only matching files. Default is stringr::regex("(r|rmd|rmarkdown|qmd)\$",

ignore\_case = TRUE) which will keep only R, Rmarkdown and Quarto docu-

ments. To keep all files use ".".

rmv\_index Logical, most repos containing blogdown sites will have an index.R file at the

root. Change to FALSE if you don't want this file removed.

#### Value

Dataframe with columns of relative\_paths and absolute\_paths for file path locations. absolute\_paths will be urls to raw files.

#### See Also

```
list_files_wd(), list_files_github_gists()
```

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#### **Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
library(funspotr)

# pulling and analyzing my R file github gists
gh_urls <- list_files_github_repo("brshallo/feat-eng-lags-presentation", branch = "main")

# Will just parse the first 2 files/gists
contents <- spot_funs_files(slice(gh_urls, 1:2))

contents %>%
  unnest_results()
```

list\_files\_wd

List Files in Working Directory

#### **Description**

Return a dataframe containing the paths of files in the working directory. Generally used prior to spot\_{funs/pkgs}\_files().

#### Usage

```
list_files_wd(
  path = ".",
  pattern = stringr::regex("(r|rmd|rmarkdown|qmd)$", ignore_case = TRUE),
  rmv_index = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

pattern

path Character vector or path. Default is "." which will set the starting location for

relative\_paths.

relative\_patris.

ignore\_case = TRUE) which will keep only R, Rmarkdown and Quarto docu-

Regex pattern to keep only matching files. Default is stringr::regex("(r|rmd|rmarkdown|qmd)\$",

ments. To keep all files use ".".

rmv\_index Logical, most repos containing blogdown sites will have an index.R file at the

root. Change to FALSE if you don't want this file removed.

#### **Details**

Can also be used outside of working directory if path is specified.

#### Value

Dataframe with columns of relative\_paths and absolute\_paths.

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#### See Also

```
list_files_github_repo(), list_files_github_gists()
```

#### **Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
library(funspotr)

# pulling and analyzing my R file github gists
files_local <- list_files_wd()

# Will just parse the first 2 files/gists
contents <- spot_funs_files(slice(files_local, 2:3))

contents %>%
  unnest_results()
```

network\_plot

funspotr Network Plot

#### **Description**

Output simple network plot using visNetwork connecting either funs or pkgs to relative\_paths/absolute\_paths.

#### Usage

```
network_plot(df, to = .data$pkgs, show_each_use = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

df Dataframe containing columns relative\_paths, absolute\_paths and either

funs or pkgs. Generally the output from running: github\_spot\_\*() %>% unnest\_results()

to funs or pkgs

show\_each\_use Binary, default is FALSE. If TRUE edge thickness will be based on the number of

times a package or function is used.

#### Value

visNetwork plot

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#### **Examples**

```
library(dplyr)
library(funspotr)

gh_ex_pkgs <- list_files_github_repo(
  repo = "brshallo/feat-eng-lags-presentation",
  branch = "main") %>%
  spot_funs_files()

gh_ex_pkgs %>%
  unnest_results() %>%
  network_plot(to = pkgs)
```

spot\_funs

Spot Functions

#### **Description**

Given file\_path extract all functions and their associated packages from specified file.

#### Usage

```
spot_funs(file_path, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

file\_path character vector of path to file.

This allows you to pass additional arguments through to spot\_funs\_custom().

#### Details

spot\_funs() uses spot\_funs\_custom() to run – it is a less verbose version and does not require passing in the packages separately. See README and ?spot\_funs\_custom for details on how the function works and arguments that can be passed through (via . . .).

If code syntax is malformed and cannot be properly parsed, function will error.

#### Value

Given default arguments and no missing packages, a dataframe with the following columns is returned:

funs: specifying functions in file. pkgs: the package a function came from. If funs is a custom function or if it came from a package not installed on your machine, pkgs will return "(unknown)".

Note that any unused loaded packages / pkgs are dropped from output. Any functions without an available package are returned with the value "(unknown)".

See README for further documentation.

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#### See Also

```
spot_funs_custom(), spot_funs_files()
```

#### **Examples**

spot\_funs\_custom

Spot Functions Custom

#### **Description**

Engine that runs spot\_funs(). spot\_funs\_custom() has options for changing returned output and for producing print statements and errors. It also requires you to provide a character vector for pkgs rather than identifying these automatically via spot\_pkgs().

#### Usage

```
spot_funs_custom(
  pkgs,
  file_path,
  show_each_use = FALSE,
  keep_search_list = FALSE,
  copy_local = TRUE,
  print_pkgs_load_status = FALSE,
  error_if_missing_pkg = FALSE,
  keep_in_multiple_pkgs = FALSE
)
```

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#### Arguments

pkgs Character vector of packages that are added to search space via require() or

import::from() so can be found by utils::find(). Generally will be the
returned value from spot\_pkgs(file\_path, show\_explicit\_funs = TRUE).

file\_path character vector of path to file.

show\_each\_use Logical, default is FALSE. If changed to TRUE will return individual rows for each

time a function is used (rather than just once for the entire file).

keep\_search\_list

Logical, default is FALSE. If changed to TRUE will include entire search list for function. May be helpful for debugging in cases where funspotr may not be doing a good job of recreating the search list for identifying which packages function(s) came from. This will print all packages in the search list for each

function.

copy\_local Logical, if changed to FALSE will not copy to a local temporary folder prior to

doing analysis. Many functions require file to already be an .R file and for the file to exist locally. This should generally not be set to TRUE unless these hold.

print\_pkgs\_load\_status

Logical, default is FALSE. If set to TRUE will print a named vector of logicals showing whether packages are on machine along with any warning messages that come when running require(). Will continue on to produce output of

function.

error\_if\_missing\_pkg

Logical, default is FALSE. If set to TRUE then print\_pkgs\_load\_status = TRUE automatically. If a package is not installed on the machine then will print load status of individual pkgs and result in an error.

keep\_in\_multiple\_pkgs

Logical, default is FALSE. If set to TRUE will include in the outputted dataframe a column in\_multiple\_pkgs: logical, whether a function exists in multiple packages loaded (i.e. on the search space of utils::find().

#### **Details**

spot\_funs\_custom() is also what you should use in cases where you don't trust spot\_pkgs() to properly identify package dependencies from within the same file and instead want to pass in your own character vector of packages.

See README for a description of how the function works.

If a package is not included in pkgs, any functions called that should come from that package will be assigned a value of "(unknown)" in the pkgs column of the returned output. You can also use the print\_pkgs\_load\_status and error\_if\_missing\_pkg arguments to alter how output works in cases when not all packages are on the machine.

Explicit calls to unexported functions i.e. pkg:::fun() will have pkgs = "(unknown)" in the returned dataframe.

#### Value

Given default arguments and no missing packages, a dataframe with the following columns is returned:

spot\_funs\_files

funs: specifying functions in file. pkgs: the package a function came from. If funs is a custom function or if it came from a package not installed on your machine, pkgs will return "(unknown)".

Note that any unused loaded packages / pkgs are dropped from output. Any functions without an available package are returned with the value "(unknown)".

See README for further documentation.

#### See Also

```
spot_funs()
```

#### **Examples**

```
library(funspotr)
file_lines <- "
library(dplyr)
require(tidyr)
library(madeUpPkg)
as_tibble(mpg) %>%
  group_by(class) %>%
  nest() %>%
  mutate(stats = purrr::map(data,
                              ^{\sim}lm(cty ^{\sim} hwy, data = .x)))
made_up_fun()
file_output <- tempfile(fileext = ".R")</pre>
writeLines(file_lines, file_output)
pkgs <- spot_pkgs(file_output)</pre>
spot_funs_custom(pkgs, file_output)
# If you'd rather it error when a pkg doesn't exist e.g. for {madeUpPkg}
# set`error_if_missing_pkg = TRUE`
```

spot\_funs\_files

Spot Packages or Functions in dataframe of Paths

#### **Description**

spot\_pkgs\_files(): Spot all packages that show-up in R or Rmarkdown or quarto documents in a dataframe of filepaths.

spot\_funs\_files(): Spot all functions and their corresponding packages that show-up in R or Rmarkdown or quarto documents in a dataframe of filepaths.

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#### Usage

```
spot_funs_files(df, ..., .progress = TRUE)
spot_pkgs_files(df, ..., .progress = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

df Dataframe containing a column of absolute\_paths.

... Arguments passed onto spot\_{pkgs|funs}().

. progress Whether to show a progress bar. Use TRUE to a turn on a basic progress bar, use

a string to give it a name, or see progress\_bars for more details.

#### **Details**

A purrr::safely() wrapper for mapping spot\_pkgs() or spot\_funs() across multiple filepaths. I.e. even if some files fail to parse the function will continue on.

Default settings are meant for files where package libraries are referenced within the files themselves. See README for more details.

#### Value

Dataframe with relative\_paths and absolute\_paths of file paths along with a list-column spotted containing purrr::safely() named list of "result" and "error" for each file parsed. Use unnest\_results() to unnest only the "result" values.

#### See Also

```
spot_pkgs(), spot_funs(), unnest_results()
```

#### Examples

```
library(funspotr)
library(dplyr)

list_files_github_repo("brshallo/feat-eng-lags-presentation", branch = "main") %>%
    spot_funs_files()
```

#### **Description**

Extract all pkg called in either library(pkg), require(pkg) requireNamespace("pkg") or pkg::fun(). Will not identify packages loaded in other ways not typically done in interactive R scripts (e.g. relying on a DESCRIPTION file for a pkg or something like source("lib-calls.R")). Inspiration: blogdown#647.

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#### Usage

```
spot_pkgs(
   file_path,
   show_explicit_funs = FALSE,
   copy_local = TRUE,
   as_yaml_tags = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

file\_path String of path to file of interest. show\_explicit\_funs

In cases where a function is called explicitly, show both the package dependency and the function together. For example a script containing dplyr::select() (as

opposed to library(dplyr); select()) would have spot\_pkgs(show\_explicit\_funs
= TRUE) return the item as "dplyr::select" rather than just "dplyr")

copy\_local Logical, default is TRUE. If changed to FALSE will not copy to a local temporary

folder prior to doing analysis. Many processes require file to already be a .R file

and for the file to exist locally, hence this should usually be set to TRUE.

nient for pasting in "tags" section of YAML header of a Rmd document for a

blogdown post.

#### **Details**

In cases where show\_explicit\_funs = TRUE and there are explicit calls in the package, "pkg:fun" is returned instead.

Packages are extracted solely based on text – not whether the package actually exists or not. Hence even packages that you do not have installed on your machine but show-up in the script will be returned in the character vector.

#### Value

Character vector of all packages loaded in file.

#### See Also

```
spot_pkgs_used(), spot_pkgs_from_description(), spot_pkgs_files(), renv::dependencies()
```

```
library(funspotr)
file_lines <- "
library(dplyr)
require(tidyr)
library(madeUpPkg)
as_tibble(mpg) %>%
```

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spot\_pkgs\_used

Spot Packages Used

#### **Description**

Primarily used for cases where you load metapackages like tidyverse or tidymodels but only want to return those packages that have functions from the package that are actually called. E.g. say you have a library(tidyverse) call but only end-up using functions that are in dplyr – in that case spot\_pkgs() would return "tidyverse" whereas spot\_pkgs\_used() would return "dplyr".

#### Usage

```
spot_pkgs_used(file_path, as_yaml_tags = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

file\_path String of path to file of interest.

as\_yaml\_tags Logical, default is FALSE. If set to TRUE flattens and puts into a format convenient

for pasting in "tags" section of a blogdown post Rmd document.

#### Details

Also does not return uninstalled packages or those loaded when R starts up.

Is essentially just calling spot\_funs() |> with(unique(pkgs)) in the background. Does not have as many options as spot\_pkgs() though.

#### Value

Character vector of all packages with functions used in the file.

spot\_tags

#### **Description**

Put quoted inline R function in your blogdown or quarto post's YAML header to have the packages be the packages used in your post (wrapper around funspotr::spot\_pkgs()).

#### Usage

```
spot_tags(
   file_path = knitr::current_input(),
   used = FALSE,
   drop_knitr = FALSE,
   yaml_bullet = NULL,
   ...
)
```

#### Arguments

file\_path Default is the file being knitted but can change to some other file (e.g. in cases

where the code for the post may reside in a different file).

used Default is FALSE. If TRUE will pass to show\_pkgs\_used() rather than show\_pkgs().

(Mainly useful for showing actual packages used rather than meta-packages being called like tidyverse or tidymodels. Also uses a more strict parsing

method.

drop\_knitr Many blogdown posts have knitr::opts\_chunk\$set() in them and you may

not want this tag showing-up. Default is to keep this, but set to FALSE to drop

"knitr" from being tagged.

yaml\_bullet Default is NULL meaning that file\_path is read-in and correct format is guessed

based on "spot\_tags" appearance with either a hyphen or bracket (corresponding

with bulleted or array format in the YAML header).

If it's first occurrence happens on a line that contains a bracket the value becomes FALSE else it becomes TRUE. If set to NULL and "spot\_tags" is not detected at all in file\_path it will default to FALSE. yaml\_bullet can also be specified directly with either TRUE or FALSE. TRUE entails that spot\_tags() is set in a YAML bullet, FALSE indicates the user is inputting it in an array (see examples below).

See examples for how to hard-code.

... Any additional arguments to pass to spot\_pkgs\*().

#### **Details**

```
tags:
    - "`r funspotr::spot_tags()`"
OR
```

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```
tags: ["`r funspotr::spot_tags()`"]

OR

categories: ["`r funspotr::spot_tags()`"]
```

Thanks Yihui for the suggestions and for getting this working blogdown#647, blogdown#693.)

#### Value

Character vector in a format meant to be read while evaluating the YAML header when rendering.

#### See Also

```
spot_pkgs(), spot_pkgs_used()
```

#### **Examples**

```
# To review input interactively from within rstudio you might also try:
## Not run:
funspotr::spot_tags(rstudioapi::getSourceEditorContext()$path)
## End(Not run)
```

unnest\_results

Unnest Results

#### **Description**

Run after running list\_files\_\*() |> spot\_{funs|pkgs}\_files() to unnest the spotted list-column.

#### Usage

```
unnest_results(df)
```

#### Arguments

df

Dataframe outputted by spot\_{funs|pkgs}\_files() that contains a spotted list-column.

#### Value

An unnested dataframe with what was in spotted moved to the front.

#### See Also

```
spot_funs_files(), spot_pkgs_files()
```

unnest\_results

```
library(funspotr)
library(dplyr)

list_files_github_repo("brshallo/feat-eng-lags-presentation", branch = "main") %>%
    spot_funs_files() %>%
    unnest_results()
```

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